WATER SUPER

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
CCR CERTIFICATION
CALENDAR YEAR 2014
Public Water Supply Name 2015 HAY 21 AM 8: 3! O6280/1 + O626023

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or em

iail a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH.	Please check all b	oxes that ap	pply.			
Customers were informed of availability of C	CR by: (Attach co	py of publ	ication, water	bill or	other)	
☐ Advertisement in local par☐ On water bills (attach cop☐ Email message (MUST Er☐ Other	per (attach copy of y of bill) nail the message t	advertiser of the addre	ment)			
Date(s) customers were informed / 30	1/5, /	/ ,				
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service methods used	ce or other direct					delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/						
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of			ate Emailed:_	/		\supset
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attac	Ü		r proof of pul	blication	1)	
Name of Newspaper: Scott CO.					-	
Date Published: 4/30/15						
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list	of locations)	Da	ate Posted:	/	/	
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible inter	rnet site at the foll	owing addı	ess (<u>DIREC</u>	Γ URL	REQU	IRED):
ereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confider blic water system in the form and manner ider SDWA. I further certify that the information water quality monitoring data provided to partment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Sume/File (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	ntified above and included in this (the public wate	that I use CCR is tru r system	ed distribution e and correct	n metho and is the Mi	ods alle consist	owed by tent with
liver or send via U.S. Postal Service:		May be fax	ced to:			

Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

(601)576~7800

May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report SRG Water Association, Inc.

SRG Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 0620011 & 0620023 April 2015 2015 MAY -1 PM 2: 1!

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Sand and Meridian Upper Wilcox Aguifers.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bobby J. Wilkerson at 601.282.0650. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Monday of each month at 7:00 PM at the office.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the SRG Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2014, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,

PWS ID#	: 062001	1	T	EST RESUI	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2013*	.002	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14	.6	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2013*	.107	.103107	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14*	2	0	ppb	0	AL≃15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

81. HAA5	N	2013*	1	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2013*	8.6	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2014	.6	.57	Mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID #:	062002	23		TEST RES	SULTS				
Contaminant	Violatior Y/N	Date Collecte	Level Detecte	Range of Detect or # of Sample Exceeding MCL/ACL		ure-	CLG	MCI	L Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactiv	e Conta	aminan	ts						
5. Gross Alpha	N	2014	.6	No Range	pCi/l	L	0	1	15 Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic (Contan	ninants							
10. Barium	N	2013*	.0018	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2013*	1	No Range	ppb		100	1	100 Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14	.2	0	ppm		1.3	AL≖1	1.3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2013*	.101	No Range	ppm	NAMES OF THE PERSON OF THE PER	4	·	4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14	2	0	ppb		0 AL=15		 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By-Pi	roducts	•						
81. HAA5	N	2013*	14	No Range	ppb	0		60 By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2013*	13.4	No Range	ppb	0			
* Most record source		2014	.7	.68	Mg/l	0	MDF	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The SRG Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

	3 20	14 Annual Orinki SRG Water PWS#: 082	ng Waler Quali Association, in 0011 8 062002	ty Report 5			
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(See Attached)

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

State of Mississippi County of Scott
On the 30 day of April , 2015,
Personally came Brian Stevens, Clark
of The Scott County Times, a weekly newspaper
established more than twelve months before the date first
hereinafter mentioned, printed and published in the City
of Forest, County of Scott, State of Mississippi, before
me, the undersigned authority in and for said County,
who being duly sworn, deposes and says that a certain
a copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said
paper consecutive weeks, to wit:
April 29 , 2015
, 2015
, 2015
, 2015
Signed Bru Stevens
Affidavit of Publication Fee \$
Printer's Fee \$
Total \$ 704 2
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30 day
of April , 2015.
Chris allen Bakes
Notary Public

